(c) The people living in slurns are subject to Inadequate access to basic amenities like drinking water, sanitation and health facilities.

(d) The Government has launched Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM) since December 3, 2005 to address the issues of provision of housing and basic civic amenities like clean drinking water, sanitation and health facilities to urban poor/slum dwellers, in addition to city-wide infrastructure facilities. The Basic Services to the Urban Poor (BSUP) programme under JNNURM addresses housing and civic amenities in 65 Mission cities. Similar problems of Non-Mission cities are addressed through the scheme of Integrated Housing and Slum Development Programme (1HSDP). The Mission period is 2005-2012.

Survey or census of Jhuggis

1582. SHRI GIREESH KUMAR SANGHI: Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have conducted any survey or census of Jhuggis through NSO and NGOs throughout the country;

(b) if so, the details and findings thereof; State-wise; and

(c) the facilities Government propose to provide to the Jhuggi dwellers in the country within a time frame?

THE MINISTER OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA): (a) and (b) The Government of India has not conducted any survey or census of jhuggis through NSO & NGOs throughout the country. Urban development and land being State subjects, State Governments conduct survey for slums in their respective States from time to time.

The 2001 Census conducted slum survey for 640 towns with more than 50,000 population. Subsequently, at the request of Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, enumeration was done for 1103 towns with population between 20,000 and 50,000.

These 1743 towns reported a slum population of about 52 million i.e. 23.5 per cent of population. The detail showing State-wise slum population is given in the Statement.

(c) The Government has announced a new scheme called Rajiv Awas Yojana (RAY) for the slum dwellers and urban poor. This scheme aims at providing support to States that are willing to provide property right to slum dwellers. The Government's effort would be to create a slum free India through the implementation of RAY at the earliest, at the pace set by individual States.

Statement

Total urban population, population of cities/towns reporting slums and slum population - India, States, Union Territories - 2001
(cities/towns having population 20,000 and above in 2001 Census)

Sl. No.	State/ Union Territory	No. of cities/ town s reporting slums	Total Urban population of State/UT	Population of cities/towns reporting slums	Total slum population	Percentage of slum population to total	
						Urban population of State /UT	Population of cities/towns reporting slums
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	India**	1,743*	286,119,689	222,957,784	52,371,589	18.5	23.5
1	Jammu & Kashmir	12	2,516,638	1,677,549	373,898	14.9	22.3
2	Punjab	59	8,262,511	6,685,183	1,483,574	18.0	22.2
3	Chandigarh	1	808,515	808,515	107,125	13.2	13.2
4	Uttranchal	19	2,179,074	1,465,610	350,038	16.1	23.9
5	Haryana	49	6,115,304	5,213,913	1,681,117	27.5	32.2
6	Delhi	16	12,905,780	11,277,586	2,029,755	15.7	18.0
7	Rajasthan	93	13,214,375	9,966,057	1,563,063	11.8	15.7
8	Uttar Pradesh	238	34,539,582	26,711,243	5,756,004	16.7	21.5
9	Bihar	92	8,681,800	7,148,152	818,332	9.4	11.4
10	Tripura	4	545,750	262,832	47,645	8.7	18.1
11	Meghalaya	4	454,111	240,008	109,271	24.1	45.5

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12	Assam	12	3,439,240	1,591,703	89,962	2.6	5.7
13	West Bengal	89	22,427,251	16,199,327	4,663,806	20.8	28.8
14	Jharkhand	23	5,993,741	2,908,552	340,915	5.7	11.7
15	Orissa	57	5,517,238	4,358,521	1,089,302	19.7	25.0
16	Chhatisgarh	34	4,185,747	3,178,335	1,097,211	26.2	34.5
17	Madhya Pradesh	142	15,967,145	12,685,621	3,776,731	23.7	29.8
18	Gujarat	79	18,930,250	14,029,468	1,975,853	10.4	14.1
19	Maharashtra	176	41,100,980	37,807,986	11,975,943	29.1	31.7
20	Andhra Pradesh	118	20,808,940	18,215,536	6,268,945	30.1	34.4
21	Karnataka	154	17,961,529	15,980,763	2,330,592	13.0	14.6
22	Goa	3	670,577	216,023	18,372	2.7	8.5
23	Kerala	21	8,266,925	3,524,479	74,865	0.9	2.1
24	Tamil Nadu	242	27,483,998	20,123,606	4,240,931	15.4	21.1
25	Pondicherry	5	648,619	581,232	92,095	14.2	15.8
26	Andaman & Nicobar	1	116,198	99,984	16,244	14.0	16.2

* Including 640 cities/towns having population 50,000 and above and reported stum during 2001 Census.

Note: Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Daman & Diu, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshdweep have not reported slum in 2001 Census.

** Total urban population of India includes urban population of the States/UTs which have not reported slum population.

Source: 'Census of India 2001'